## **Vision for the Future**

## Summit Lab: Radical New Food Production Systems (biotech proteins)

Innovative focus areas/challenges which need our attention to accelerate the transformation of the global food system. Significant potential impact to be considered.

### Sum up from the Summit Lab

### Regulation

 Novel food regulation is a challenge – especially in the EU. Lack of coherence between strategies and reality (EU gives funds to innovation, but the road to market is blocked by themselves). Approval times of 1.5 years become 2.2 to 3.6 years depending on the protein type. Still no approvals of cultured meat or precision fermented proteins yet.

#### Technological scale up challenges

 Every organism and product is different and often require a different technological set up at different scales. Often challenges with fluid processing, hygiene and sustainability.

### Raising capital

 Investment costs and operation costs are often high and the usual VC model of investments and quick exits within 5 years do not work due to the two challenges above.



# **Vision for the Future**

### Summit Lab: Radical New Food Production Systems (biotech proteins)

The LAB's recommendation: focus areas/solutions + capacity needed

# What do we need in order to move ahead from now and until 2025? Regulation

 The regulatory system must be freed from political interference and only focus on food safety. Additional ressources must be allocated so the timelines are shortened. The regulatory framework is unclear even to those who are employed to provide guidance thereby extending the application period. Improved quality of dossiers by applicants.

#### Technological scale up challenges

 Reduce the entry barrier for scaling by providing subsidies for use at pilot and demo sites. Technology still continuously developed on case-by case basis, so continuous need for technological innovation to improve efficiency and yields.

### Raising capital

 Public/private partnerships with focus on patience, risk sharing, and sustainability. Also a need for risk capital to help companies transition economically from lab to pilot to demo. There should be a focus on the combination of equity that focuses on IPR and tangible assets like loans/credits.

## Vision for the Future

### Summit Lab: Radical New Food Production Systems (biotech proteins)

Who will be the most significant contributors (necessary for the acceleration) to be successful? Suggest type of actor.

# Who should be involved to boost the collaboration process Regulation

 EFSA should look to Singapore and provide a quicker and a more transparent framework for approval of new protein types. Consultants and clusters should help companies understand the requirements and create better dossiers.

### Technological scale up challenges

Funding bodies should reduce the entry barrier for scaling by providing subsidies
for use at pilot and demo sites. The technologies and plants are continuously
developed on case-by-case basis, so there is also a need for continuous
technological innovation to improve efficiency and yields from both industry and
researchers supported by the clusters.

### Raising capital

 Public and private investors and business angels should join forces and clusters should match them with innovative startups and scaleups.